K7VG Series

Swash-plate Axial Piston Pump

Specifications and Features

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CONTENTS

General Descriptions

Reliable High-Pressure and Long-Life Type
This series of high-pressure, swash-plate type pumps was developed for general industrial machinery use and is based upon our long and rich experience. The adoption of the high-load bearings and friction-free contacting mechanism of shoes has achieved high reliability and long life.

Low Noise
The unique compact and rigid housing construction in addition to the semi-cylindrical swash-plate and its anti-vibration supporting mechanism has both reduced noise and pressure pulsations.

High Efficiency and High Self-Priming Capability
The spherical valve plate and improved hydraulic balance provide stable cylinder rotation, thus achieving high efficiency even in a low-pressure and low-speed operating range. Additionally, the shortened radius of the cylinder port reduces the peripheral fluid velocity thereby enabling its high self-priming speed capability.

Varieties of Control Methods
Good varieties of hydraulic and electrical control methods are available. The flow control, pressure control, horsepower control, and the combination of these are standardized and available.

Auxiliary Gear Pump
Various sizes of auxiliary pumps can be attached to the rear SAE throughdrive mounting interface. Accordingly, there is no need for a separate pump unit as a control pressure source or as a medium-pressure system pressure source. Hydraulic units can thus be made compact.

Features

343 bar rating
Long Bearing Life
ISO Mount and Shaft
Optional Througdrive
High Reliability
High Efficiency
Low Noise
Highly Responsive Controls

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pump Model</th>
<th>K7VG180</th>
<th>K7VG265</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Displacement (cm³)</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure (bar)</td>
<td>Rated 343</td>
<td>Peak 400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Self Priming Speed (rpm)</td>
<td>1,850</td>
<td>1,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Boosted Speed (rpm)</td>
<td>2,200</td>
<td>1,900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Ordering Code

**K7VG265/-1/N/N/R/H/C/N/H1/3/N/4D/-0**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K3VL Series Pump</td>
<td>Maximum Displacement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180</td>
<td>180 cm³/rev</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>265</td>
<td>270 cm³/rev</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydraulic Fluid Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>Mineral Oil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>Viton Seals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>Water Glycol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Circuit Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>Open Circuit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Through Drive &amp; Porting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>Steel Cover, No Through Drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>SAE-A Through Drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>SAE-B Through Drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>SAE-C Through Drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CC</td>
<td>SAE-CC Through Drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>SAE-D Through Drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mounting Bracket / Port Flange</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>No Bracket, No Port Flange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction of Rotation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>Clockwise Rotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>Standard Series</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>High Speed Series</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regulator Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D10</td>
<td>No regulator fitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Top mounted torque limiter only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2A</td>
<td>Side mounted direct acting pressure compensator only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5A</td>
<td>Top mounted torque limiter &amp; side mounted direct acting pressure compensator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Top mounted torque limiter with load sensing &amp; remote pressure compensator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Side mounted remote pressure compensator only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Side mounted remote pressure compensator only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Top mounted torque limiter &amp; side mounted load sensing compensator</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Technical Data

#### 2-1 Technical Data

For applications outside the following parameters, please consult KPM UK.

#### Hydraulic Data

**Pressure Fluid**

- Mineral Oil
- Polyol Ester
- Water Glycol

Use a high quality, anti-wear, mineral based hydraulic fluid when the pressure exceeds 206 bar. In applications where fire resistant fluids are required consult KPM UK.

**Fluid Selection**

![Fluid Selection Chart](chart_url)

- Ideal Working Temperature Range
- Allowable Temperature Range

### Fluid Type

- Mineral Oil
- Polyol Ester
- Water Glycol

*(1) Only available for code C,D,E,F, otherwise blank

*(2) Non Standard Options - Contact KPM UK*
2-1 Technical Data (cont)

◆ Filtration & Contamination Control

Filtration
The most important means to prevent premature damage to the pump and associated equipment and to extend its working life, is to ensure that hydraulic fluid contamination control of the system is working effectively.

This begins by ensuring that at the time of installation that all piping, tanks etc. are rigorously cleaned in a sanitary way. Flushing should be provided using an off line filtration system and after flushing the filter elements should be replaced.

A full flow return line filter of 10 micron nominal should be utilised to prevent contaminant ingress from the external environment, a 5 to 10 micron filter within the tank’s breather is also recommended.

◆ Suggested Acceptable Contamination Level

The relationship between contamination level and pump life is very difficult to predict as it depends on the type and nature of the contaminant present in the system. Sand or Silica in particular, due to its abrasive nature, does significantly reduce the expected life of a pump. Based on the precondition that there is no significant presence of Silica type substances then a minimum Cleanliness level of -/18/15 ISO 4406 or SAE AS 4059E Table 1 Class 9 (NAS 1638 Class 9).

◆ Working Fluid Types

Anti-Wear Type Hydraulic fluid
It is generally recommended to use an anti-wear hydraulic fluid like mineral oil when the operating pressure exceeds 206 bar.

Fire-resistant Fluids
Some kind of fire-resistant fluids require special materials for seals, paint and metal finishing. Please consult KPM UK and provide details of the particular fluid specification and the working conditions so that any special requirements can be ascertained.

In general, fire-resistant fluids have a low viscosity index and their viscosity also changes significantly with operating temperature and service life. For this reason, the circuit should be provided with an adequately sized cooler or forced cooling so that temperatures can be stabilised. Due to the inherent water content of some of these fluids the minimum allowable suction pressure will be higher than that of an equivalent mineral oil and so needs to be fully evaluated by KPM UK. The following table provides an overview of the precautions and characteristics that can be expected with these types of fluids.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Mineral Oil</th>
<th>Polyol Ester</th>
<th>Water Glycol</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Pressure (bar)</td>
<td>343</td>
<td>245</td>
<td>206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recommended Temperature Range (deg C)</td>
<td>20 - 60</td>
<td>20 - 60</td>
<td>10 - 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cavitation susceptibility</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
<td>☑</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected life expectancy compared to mineral oil</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pump Start Up Precautions

◆ Pump Case Filling
Be sure to fill the pump casing with oil through the drain port, filling only the suction line with oil is totally insufficient. The pump contains bearings and high-speed sliding parts including pistons with shoes and spherical bushes that need to be continuously lubricated. Part seizure or total premature failure will occur very quickly if this procedure is not rigidly followed.

◆ Piping & Circuit Checking
Check to see that the piping and full hydraulic circuit is completed and that any gate valves etc. are open.

◆ Direction of Rotation
Check to ensure that direction of rotation is correct and that the inlet and delivery lines are connected correctly.

Start Up
Jog start the motor and check once more for correct rotation. Run the pump unloaded for a period to ensure that all residual air within the system is released. Check for external leakage, abnormal noise and vibrations.

Case Drain Pressure
Please ensure, that the maximum steady state drain line pressure at the pump casing does not exceed 1 bar. (Maximum peak pressure 4 bar). A suitable drain line hose must be selected and return directly back to the tank and terminate below the oil level.

Long Term Out of Usage
It is undesirable to leave the pump out of use for a long period e.g. a year or more. In such a situation it is recommended that the pump is run for a short period on a more frequent basis even if it is just unloaded. With regard to a pump held in storage then rotating the shaft on a frequent basis is sufficient. If the pump is left out for more than the suggested time it will require a service inspection.
## 2-2 Specifications

For applications outside of the following parameters please contact KPM UK.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pump Model</th>
<th>K7VG180</th>
<th>K7VG265</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Displacement (cm³)</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure (bar)</td>
<td>Rated 343</td>
<td>Peak 450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Self Priming Speed (rpm)</td>
<td>1,850</td>
<td>1,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Boosted Speed (rpm)</td>
<td>2,200</td>
<td>1,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mass (kg)</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Moments of Inertia

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frame Size</th>
<th>180</th>
<th>265</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MMOI GD2 (kgf m²)</td>
<td>1.70x10⁻² (4.25x10⁻³)</td>
<td>4.98x10⁻² (1.25x10⁻²)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torsional stiffness (Nm/ rad)</td>
<td>2.07x10⁵</td>
<td>5.47x10⁴</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 2-2 Specifications (cont)

### #1

Maximum allowable shaft torques are based on achieving an infinite life for a coupling assembly that is lubricated and completely clamped and utilises the full spline/key length as engagement.

The following points therefore need to be fully considered:

i) Lubrication of shaft couplings should be in accordance with the coupling manufacturers instructions.

ii) The maximum allowable input shaft torque is based on ensuring an infinite life condition by limiting the resultant combined shaft bending and torsional stress.

iii) This allowable input shaft torque can be further increased dependant on the resultant surface stress at the spline interface which is highly dependant on coupling selection and the provision of adequate spline lubrication.

If you have an application that requires higher input torque please consult KPM UK.

### #2

Allowable through drive torques are based on the achieving an infinite life for a fully lubricated coupling and full spline engagement with a mineral oil based anti-wear hydraulic fluid.

### Notes:

- **Rated Pressure**
  Pressure at which life and durability will not be affected.

- **Peak Pressure**
  The instant allowable surge pressure as defined by BS ISO 2944:2000. Life and durability however will be shortened.

- **Maximum Self Priming Speed**
  Values are valid for an absolute suction pressure of 1 bar. If the flow is reduced and the inlet pressure is increased the speed may also be increased.

- **Maximum Boosted Speed**
  Values stated are the absolute maximum permitted speed for which an increased inlet pressure will be required.

- **Weight**
  Approximate dry weights, dependant on exact pump type.

- **Hydraulic Fluid**
  Mineral anti wear hydraulic fluid - for other fluid types please consult KPM UK.

- **Viscosity Range**
  If viscosity is in range 200 to 1,000 cSt, then warming up is necessary before commencing full scale running.
2-3 Performance Data

**K7VG180**

- **Pump Efficiency (%)**

![Graph showing pump efficiency vs. delivery pressure and displacement ratio](image)

- **Self Priming Capability**

![Graph showing self priming capability vs. speed and inlet pressure](image)

**Performance Note:**

All performance curves are based on the following conditions:

- 1,800 rpm
- ISO VG46 mineral oil
- 50°C oil temperature
- Atmospheric inlet condition (0 bar)

---

2-3 Performance Data (cont)

**K7VG265**

- **Pump Efficiency (%)**

![Graph showing pump efficiency vs. delivery pressure and displacement ratio](image)

- **Self Priming Capability**

![Graph showing self priming capability vs. speed and inlet pressure](image)

**Performance Note:**

All performance curves are based on the following conditions:

- 1,800 rpm
- ISO VG46 mineral oil
- 50°C oil temperature
- Atmospheric inlet condition (0 bar)
2-4 Bearing Life

2-5 Functional Description of Regulator

**Boundary Control**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Control Type</th>
<th>Control Curves</th>
<th>Function &amp; Features</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Horsepower control</td>
<td>O vs. P</td>
<td>In response to a rise in delivery pressure, the pump's displacement angle reduces such that its input torque is maintained essentially constant. This function prevents excessive load on the motor driving the pump. There is however no pressure Cut Off function. Be sure to install a safety valve in the circuit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Direct Acting Pressure Compensator</td>
<td>O vs. P</td>
<td>Regardless of changes in flow demand, the pump outlet pressure is maintained constant. Be sure to install a safety valve in the circuit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Horsepower Control with Direct Acting Pressure Compensation</td>
<td>O vs. P</td>
<td>This regulator combines the functions of a Horsepower control (Type 1) with a direct acting pressure compensator (Type 4). Be sure to install a safety valve in the circuit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Remote Pressure Compensator</td>
<td>O vs. P</td>
<td>This regulator allows one to remotely control the pump's compensator pressure. Be sure to install a safety valve in the circuit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Horsepower Control with Remote Pressure Compensation</td>
<td>O vs. P</td>
<td>This regulator adds the function of a Horsepower control (Type 1) to a pilot operated pressure compensator (Type C) that can remotely control the pump's compensator pressure. Be sure to install a safety valve in the circuit.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2-5 Functional Description of Regulator (cont)

Boundary Control + Load Sensing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Control Type</th>
<th>Control Curves</th>
<th>Function &amp; Features</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Horsepower Control with Load Sensing &amp; Remote Pressure Compensation</td>
<td>![Diagram]</td>
<td>This regulator adds the function of a Horsepower control (Type 1) to a load sensing and pressure compensated regulator (Type E). Be sure to install a safety valve in the circuit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Load Sensing Compensator</td>
<td>![Diagram]</td>
<td>This regulator provides the load sensing compensation function. Be sure to install a safety valve in the circuit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>Horsepower Control with Load Sensing Compensation</td>
<td>![Diagram]</td>
<td>This regulator adds the function of a Horsepower control (Type 1) to a load sensing compensator (Type E). Be sure to install a safety valve in the circuit.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Flow Control

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Control Type</th>
<th>Control Curves</th>
<th>Function &amp; Features</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Manual control</td>
<td>![Diagram]</td>
<td>The pump is supplied without any regulator fitted. The discharge flow however can be steplessly adjusted by manually turning adjustment screws on the pump up to a maximum of 50% of q max.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>Positive Flow Control</td>
<td>![Diagram]</td>
<td>Infinitely variable adjustment of pump displacement is possible by application of a hydraulic pressure signal. An increasing pilot pressure results in a proportional increase in pump displacement. Up to 40 bar variable pilot pressure source needs to be provided.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>Negative Flow Control</td>
<td>![Diagram]</td>
<td>Infinitely variable adjustment of pump displacement is possible by application of a hydraulic pressure signal. A decreasing pilot pressure results in a proportional increase in pump displacement. Up to 40 bar variable pilot pressure source needs to be provided.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Electric Flow Control</td>
<td>![Diagram]</td>
<td>Infinitely variable adjustment of pump displacement is possible by application of an electric current to the integrated proportional reducing valve. An increasing current results in a proportional increase in pump displacement. A 40 bar pilot pressure source needs to be provided.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2-6 Horsepower Limiter Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Horsepower set codes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Input Torque</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
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<tr>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55</td>
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<tr>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>132</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2-7 Installation

**Pump Mounting Options**

**Drain line**

It is the preferred option to mount the pump with the case drain piping initially rising above the pump before continuing to the tank. Do not connect the drain line to the inlet line.

**Cautions**

A) Inlet and drain pipes must be immersed by 200 mm minimum from the lowest oil level under operating conditions.

B) Height from the oil level to the centre of the shaft must be within 1 meter maximum. (Consult KPM UK).

C) The oil in the pump case must be refilled when the pump has not been operated for one month or longer.

The uppermost drain port should be used and the drain piping should be equal or larger in size than the drain port to minimise pressure in the pump case. The pump case pressure should not exceed 1 bar as shown in the illustration below. (Peak pressure should never exceed 4 bar.)

**Mounting the Pump Above the Tank**

Suction line
2-7 Installation (cont)

Mounting the Pump Vertically (shaft up)

Note: Both the Tair and one case drain port must be used.

For applications requiring vertical installation (shaft up) please remove the Tair bleed plug and connect piping as shown in the illustration below.

When installing the pump in the tank and submerged in the oil, open the drain port and Tair bleed port to provide adequate lubrication to the internal components. See illustration [a].

The oil level in the tank should be higher than the pump mounting flange as shown in illustration [a] below. If the oil level in the tank is lower than the pump mounting flange then forced lubrication is required through the Tair bleed port 1~2 l/min.

When installing the pump outside the tank run piping for the drain and Tair bleed ports to tank (see illustration [c]). If the drain or Tair bleed piping rise above the level of oil (see illustration [b]) fill the lines with oil before operation. Motor to your national standard is not exceeded.

Drive Shaft Coupling

Use a flexible coupling to connect the pump shaft to an engine flywheel or electric motor shaft. Alignment should be within 0.05 mm TIR as shown in the illustration below.

Do not apply any radial or axial loading to the pump shaft. For applications where radial or side loads exist please contact KPM UK for recommendations.

Do not force the coupling on or off the pump shaft. Use the threaded hole in the end of the pump shaft to fix or remove the coupling.

For engine drives a split type pinch bolt drive flange and flexible coupling is recommended.
### 3-1 K7VG180/265

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>D₁</th>
<th>D₂</th>
<th>D₃</th>
<th>L₁</th>
<th>L₂</th>
<th>L₃</th>
<th>L₄</th>
<th>L₅</th>
<th>L₆</th>
<th>L₇</th>
<th>L₈</th>
<th>L₉</th>
<th>L₁₀</th>
<th>L₁₁</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>180</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>191.5</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>332</td>
<td>496</td>
<td>117</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>265</td>
<td>280</td>
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<td>575</td>
<td>131.5</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>L₁₂</th>
<th>L₁₃</th>
<th>L₁₄</th>
<th>H₁</th>
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<th>W₆</th>
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<td>158.5</td>
<td>217</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identifier</th>
<th>Port Name</th>
<th>PORT SIZE - Depth</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Delivery Port</td>
<td>SAE 6,000 psi 1½&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>K7VG180</td>
<td>SAE 6,000 psi 1½&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Suction Port</td>
<td>SAE 2,000 psi 3&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>K7VG265</td>
<td>SAE 2,000 psi 3½&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr</td>
<td>Drain Port</td>
<td>G ¾-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>K7VG180</td>
<td>G ¾-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>K7VG265</td>
<td>G ¾-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tair</td>
<td>Air Bleed Port</td>
<td>G ¼-15</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>K7VG180</td>
<td>G ¼-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>K7VG265</td>
<td>G ¼-15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3-2 Regulator (cont)

3-2-2 Type '4'

3-2 Regulator (cont)

3-2-3 Type '5'

Top Mount

Side Mount

Torque Limiter Spool

Cut-Off Pressure Spool
3-2 Regulator (cont)

3-2-4 Type '7'

3-2-5 Type 'C'
3-2 Regulator (cont)

3-2-6 Type 'D'

- Torque Limiter Spool
- Differential Pressure Spool
- Cut-Off Pressure Spool

3-2-7 Type 'E'

- Differential Pressure Spool
- Cut-Off Pressure Spool

Note: # Additional Pressure Control Options
0 - With R4 Restrictor (Bleed Off)
1 - With R4 plugged
### 3-2 Regulator (cont)

- **3-2-8 Type 'F'**

  ![Diagram of 3-2-8 Type 'F' regulator](image)

  **Torque Limiter Spool**
  **Differential Pressure Spool**
  **Cut-Off Pressure Spool**

  **Note:** Additional Pressure Control Options
  0 - With R4 Restrictor (Bleed Off)
  1 - With R4 plugged

### 3-3 Unloading Function

- **3-3-1 Type 'N', 'M and 'W**

  ![Diagram of 3-3-1 Type 'N', 'M and 'W unloading function](image)

  **Top Mount**
  **Side Mount**

  **TABLE A**
  **Top Mount**
  **Side Mount**
3-4 Remote Pilot Function

3-4-1 Type 'V'

- Differential Pressure Spool
- Cut-Off Pressure Spool
- Remote Pilot Relief Valve

3-5 Flow Control

3-5-1 Type 'E' - Electric Flow Control

Top Mount

Side Mount

Top Mount

Side Mount
3-5 Flow Control

3-5-2 Type 'N'

3-5 Flow Control

3-5-3 Type 'P'
KAWASAKI PRECISION
MACHINERY (UK) LTD
Ernesettle, Plymouth
Devon, PL5 2SA, England

Tel: +44 1752 364394
Fax: +44 1752 364816
Mail: info@kpm-uk.co.uk
Website: www.kpm-eu.com

OTHER GLOBAL SALES OFFICES

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Kawasaki Heavy Industry Ltd, Precision Machinery Ltd.
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Japan
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U.S.A
Kawasaki Precision Machinery (U.S.A.), Inc.
3838 Broadmoor Avenue S.E.
Grand Rapids
Michigan 49512
U.S.A.
Tel: +1-616-949-6500
Website: www.kpm-usa.com

CHINA
Kawasaki Precision Machinery Trading (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
17th Floor (Room 1701), The Headquarters Building
No168 XiZang Road (M)
Huangpu District
Shanghai 200001
China
Tel: +86-021-3366-3800

KOREA
Flutek, Ltd.
192-11, Shinchon-dong
Changwon
Kwangnam 641-370
Korea
Tel: +82-55-286-5551
Website: www.flutek.co.kr

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